

Summary for the Life in the UK test

(version 3 from 2014)

Wei Song

13/11/2016

Year

-10000	UK separates from continent
-6000	Farmers come from south east Europe
-4000	start of bronze age
-55	Julius Caesar invade Britain
43	Claudius occupied Britain
410	Roman left
600	Anglo-Saxon kingdom established
789	Viking from Norway and Denmark
1066	William the conquer, Duke of Normandy defeated Saxon King Harold
1200	English rule part of Ireland near Dublin, name Pale
1215	Magna Carta signed by King John
1284	The statute of Rhuddlan, Wales under English control, King Edward I
1314	Battle of Bannockburn, Robert Bruce defeated Edward II
1337	Start of Hundred years war 116 years (1337 - 1453)
1348	Black death came to England, 1/3 dead
1400	English become official in both court and country
1415	Battle of Agincourt, Henry V
1450	English left France
1453	End of hundred years war 116 years (1337 – 1453)
1455	Start of the war of roses: Lancaster-Red, York-White
1485	Battle of Bosworth Field, Richard III killed by Henry VII
1485	End of middle age
1509	Henry VII → Henry VIII
1547	Henry VIII → Edwards VI
1553	Edwards VI → Mary I
1558	Mary I → Elizabeth I
1560	Scottish abolish Pope
1588	Spanish Armada defeated
1603	Elizabeth I → James I
1605	Bonfire, Guy Fawkes tried to bomb house of parliament to kill James I
1606	First Union Jack flag
1625	James I → Charles I
1640	Charles I recalled parliament
1641	revolt in Ireland
1642	Begin of civil war
1646	Battle of Marston Moor and Naseby
1649	Charles I beheaded
1650	Battle of Dunbar, Cromwell defeated Charles II
1651	Battle of Worcester, Cromwell defeated Charles II who hidden in an oak tree
1656	First Jews came to UK after middle age
1658	Cromwell died
1660	Charles II resume King
1665	Plague outbreak in London
1666	Great fire in London
1679	Habeas Corpus Act
1680	(1680-1720) Huguenots from France
1685	Charles II → James II
1689	Glorious Revolution, James II → William III / Mary II
1689	Bill of Rights
1690	Battle of Boyne, William III defeated James II
1694	Mary II dead
1695	Newspaper operate without license (open press)
1702	William III → Anne
1707	Act of Union, Scotlan
1714	Anne → George I

Year

- 1721 **Robert Walpole**, first PM (1721-1742) due to **George I's** English was not good
- 1727 **George I** → **George II**
- 1746 Battle of Culloden, George II defeated **Charles E. Stuart** (grandson of James II)
- 1760 **George II** → **George III**
- 1776 13 American colonies declare independence
- 1783 UK recognise America
- 1789 French revolution
- 1800 Act of Union, Ireland
- 1805 Battle of Trafalgar
- 1807 Illegal to trade slaves on British ports
- 1815 Battle of Waterloo
- 1820 **George III** → **George IV**
- 1830 George IV → William IV
- 1832 Reform Act
- 1833 Emancipation act, abolish slavery
- 1837 **William IV** → **Victoria**
- 1840 "Punch" started publication
- 1846 Abolish corn law
- 1851 First Great exhibition, crystal palace, hyde park
- 1853 (1853-1856) Crimean War, UK against Russia
- 1859 Big Ben
- 1872 First tennis club in Leamington Spa
- 1895 Start of National trust with 3 volunteers
- 1896 First film
- 1899 (1899-1902) Boer War: UK against Netherlands settlers in South Africa
- 1901 **Victoria** → **Edwards VII**
- 1902 start of motor racing
- 1908 Olympic in UK
- 1910 **Edwards VII** → **George V**
- 1914 start of WWI 28/06
- 1916 Ireland, Easter rising
- 1918 End of WWI 11/11
- 1918 Women over 30 can vote
- 1920 Cenotaph, **Edwin Lutyens**
- 1921 Ireland independent
- 1922 BBC start
- 1927 BBC started Proms
- 1928 Women over 21 can vote, same as man
- 1928 Penicillin by **Alexander Fleming**
- 1929 start of great depression
- 1930 British films flourished in 1930s
- 1930 Jet engine by Sir **Frank Whittle**
- 1932 TV broadcast London/Glasgow **John Logie Baird**
- 1933 **Adolf Hitler** comes to power
- 1935 Radar Sire **Robert Waston-Watt**
- 1936 **George V** → **Edwards VIII**
- 1936 **Edwards VIII** → **George VI**
- 1936 BBC TV starts
- 1936 Turing machine by **Alan Turing**
- 1939 War to Germany
- 1940 PM: **Winston Churchill**
- 1940 Dunkirk rescue, 300,000 rescued
- 1941 Germany invade Russia
- 1941 Japan bombed Peral Harbor
- 1942 Beverage Report (**William Beveridge**)

Year

1944	Education Act (R. A. Butler)
1944	D-Day 06/06
1945	PM: Clement Attlee (Labor)
1945	Radio telescope at Jodrell Bank Sir Bernard Lovell
1945	Germany defeated
1945	Japan defeated
1947	9 countries independent from UK (India, Pakistan, Ceylon)
1948	Start of NHS (Aneurin Bevan , Minister of Health)
1948	Olympic in UK
1949	Ireland become republic
1950	UK joins European Convention
1951	PM: Winston Churchill
1952	George VI → Elizabeth II
1953	DNA, Francis Crick
1957	PM: Harold Macmillan
1957	EEC (Germany, France, Belgium, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands)
1958	Life Peerage Act, PM can assign life peers
1959	Thatcher became MP
1966	World cup, captain (Booby Moore)
1967	ATM, Barclays Bank, James Goodfellow
1968	The Man Booker Prize starts
1969	Concorde
1969	18 can vote
1969	Start of the 3 decades of "the troubles"
1970	Thatcher became Minister of Education & Science
1970	1970s, 28000 Indian from Uganda
1973	UK joins EEC
1975	Thatcher became Leader of opposite party
1976	Concorde passenger fly
1976	PM: James Callaghan
1978	IVF, Sir Robert Edwards and Patrick Steptoe
1979	PM: Margret Thatcher
1982	Argentina invaded Falklands
1990	WWW, Sir Tim Berners-Lee
1990	Iraqi invade
1990	PM: John Major
1996	Clone, Dolly, Sir Ian Wilmut and Keith Campell
1997	PM: Tony Blair
1998	Good Friday agreement, NI
1998	Human Right Act
1999	NI, Scot, Wales assembly
1999	Hereditary Lords no longer automatic in House of Lords
2002	NI assembly suspended
2003	Concorde retired
2003	Nobel for Sir Peter Mansfield , MRI
2007	PM: Gordon Brown
2007	NI assembly resume
2007	Tour de France, Bradley Wiggins
2008	Civil protection Act against forced marriage
2009	UK leaves Iraqi
2010	PM: David Cameron
2011	Welsh Assembly can pass laws
2011	Similar forced marriage protection was introduced in Scotland
2012	Diamond Jubilee (60)
2012	Big Ben → Elizabeth Tower

Year

2012 Elected PCC
2012 **Andy Murry** US open
2012 Olympic in UK

Name

Robert	Adam	1728	Scottish architect, Dumfries House in Scotland
David	Allen	1744	Scottish painter, the origin of painting
Kingsley	Amis	1922	English poet, Lucky Jim
Richard	Arkwright	1732	Improve carding machine, efficient factory management
Clement	Attlee	1883	Deputy PM with Churchill, PM 1945, industrial nationalization (coal, steel) NHS
	Augustine	597	First archbishop of Canterbury
Jane	Austen	1775	Novelist: Pride and prejudice, sense and sensibility
Roger	Bannister	1929	a mile under 4 minutes, 1954
John	Barbour	1320	Scottish poet: The Bruce
Julian	Barnes	1946	Winner of the Man Booker Prize
Tim	Berners-Lee	1955	WWW
William	Beveridge	1879	Economist, social reformer, Beveridge report, Liberal party, leader in the House of Lords
Tony	Blair	1953	PM:1997-2007
William	Blake	1757	Poet: Tyger
Ian	Botham	1955	Captain, English cricket
Benjamin	Britten	1913	Composer: Peter Grimes, Billy Budd, A young person's guide to the orchestra
Gordon	Brown	1951	PM: 2007-2010
Lancelot	Brown	1716	"Capability" Brown , English landscape architect, Chatworth House
Robert	Browning	1812	Victorian poet: Home thoughts from abroad
Isambard K.	Brunel	1806	Engineer, Clifton Bridge in Bristol
Robert	Burns	1759	Scottish poet: Auld Lang Syne
Jenson	Button	1980	F1 winner
George G.	Byron	1788	Lord Byron, Anglo-Scottish poet: She walks in beauty
James	Callaghan	1912	PM: 1976-1979
David	Cameron	1966	PM: 2010-2016
Keith	Campbell	1954	Clone, Dolly
William	Caxton	1422	First English printer
Ernst	Chain	1906	developed penicillin into usable drug with Howard Florey after Alex Fleming
Charles	Chaplin	1889	famous silent movie star
Francis	Chichester	1901	first single-handed sail around the world 1966/67
Thomas	Chippendale	1718	Furniture designer in 18 th century
Agatha	Christie	1890	The Mousetrap, 1952, West End, longest initial play
Clarice	Cliff	1899	Art Deco ceramics
	Cnut	990	First Danish King
Terence	Conran	1931	20 th century interior designer
John	Constable	1776	landscape painter
James	Cook	1728	British explorer, navigator, mapped Australia
Oliver	Cromwell	1599	Lord Protector of the Commonwealth
Roald	Dahl	1916	Children writer: Charlie and the chocolate factory, George's marvellous medicine
Christopher	Dean	1958	ice dancer with Jayne Torvill
Judi	Dench	1934	Oscar winner, Skyfall,
Charles	Dickens	1812	Novelist, Oliver Twist, Great Expectations
Arthur C.	Doyle	1859	Sherlock Holmes
Francis	Drake	1596	English sea captain, Elizabeth I era, piracy against France
Robert	Edwards	1925	IVF
Edward	Elgar	1957	Composer, Pomp and circumstance marches, march no 1
Jessica	Ennis	1986	2012 Olympic in heptathlon
Mo	Farah	1983	distance runner
Colin	Firth	1960	Oscar winner, King's speech
Alex	Fleming	1881	Scottish Biologist, discover Penicillium
Ian	Fleming	1908	English novelist: James Bond
Howard	Florey	1898	developed penicillin into usable drug with Ernst Chain after Alex Fleming
Lucian	Freud	1922	German British portrait artist
Thomas	Gainsborough	1727	Portrait painter, people or garden
William S.	Gilbert	1836	Opera: HMS Pinafore, the pirate of Penzance, The Mikado, with Arthur Sullivan
William	Golding	1911	Nobel winner novelist
James	Goodfellow	1937	ATM
Graham	Greene	1904	Novelist: the heart of the matter, the honorary consul, Brighton Rock, Our Man in Havana
Tanni	Grey-Thompson	1969	16 Paralympic medals, 6 London Marathon
Lewis	Hamilton	1985	F1 winner
Edmund	Halley	1656	Early member of the Royal Society, predicted the return of comet Halley
George F.	Handel	1685	German originated composer: Water Music (George I), Music for the Royal Fireworks (George II), Messiah

Name

Thomas	Hardy	1840	Novelist and poet: Far from the madding crowd, Jude the obscure
Seamus	Heaney	1939	Poet, nobel winner
Damon	Hill	1960	F1 winner
David	Hockney	1937	Contributor to pop art in 1960s
Hans	Holbein	1497	German painter, couter painter in Henry VIII era
Kelly	Holms	1970	2004 Olympic run
Gustav	Holst	1874	Composer: the planets, jupiter, I vow to thee my country
Anthony	Hopkins	1937	Oscar winner, Silence of the Lambs, Hannibal (westworld)
Chri	Hoy	1976	Scottish cyclist, 6 gold Olympic
David	Hume	1711	Scottish Philosopher
Gertrude	Jekyll	1943	Gardener
Inigo	Jones	1573	Architect, Queen's House at Greenwich and Banqueting house at whitehall
John	Keats	1795	English poet
Rudyard	Kipling	1865	Poet, Nobel winner: So Stories, Jungle Book, If
Robin	Knox-Jophnstr	1939	First man sail around without stop 1969
Frank	Lauder	1906	British film director
John	Lavery	1856	NI portrait painter
David	Lean	1908	English film director, 39 steps, Brief encounter, Lawrence of Arabia
Edwin	Lutyens	1869	Architect, New Delhi, Cenotaph
Kenneth	MacAlpin	810	First Scottish King
Ellen	MacArthur	1976	yachtwoman, fastest to sail around the world
	MacDonald	1692	MacDonald Clan of Glencoe , massacred due to late allegiance to William III
John	Macleod	1876	Scottish, Insulin
Sake D.	Mahomet	1759	Indian immigrant, first curry house, shampooing
John	Major	1943	PM: 1990-1997
Hilary	Mantel	1952	Winner of the Man Booker Prize
Ian	McEwan	1948	Winner of the Man Booker Prize
Alexander	McQueen	1969	Fashion designer
John	Milton	1608	Poet inspired by religious view: Paradise lost
Bobby	Moore	1941	English football captain, world cup 1966
Henry	Moore	1898	English sculptor
Andy	Murray	1987	Scottish tennis player, first to won Grand Slam since 1936
Horatio	Nelson	1758	Navy general, Trafalgar, HMS Victory
Isaac	Newton	1643	Scientist, Cambridge, Trinity, Fellow of Royal Science Society
Florence	Nightingale	1820	Founder of modern nursing
Laurence	Olivier	1907	English actor
Wilfred	Owen	1893	WWI poet: Anthem for doomed youth
Emmeline	Pankhurst	1858	Woman right activist
Samuel	Pepys	1633	Naval administrator who was famous for detailed diary
Mary	Peters	1939	Olympic pentathlon 1972, team manager for women's team
John	Pets	1914	Welsh artist, engravings and stained glasses
Harold	Pinter	1930	Nobel prized play-writer
Henry	Purcell	1659	Organist of Westminster Abbey, developed British style of music
Mary	Quant	1934	Fashion designer
Steve	Redgrave	1962	Rowing, 5 Olympic
Tim	Rice	1944	Lyricist
J. K.	Rowling	1965	Harry Potter
Siegfried	Sassoon	1886	WWI poet
Ridley	Scott	1937	English film director: Prometheus, Gladiator
Walter	Scott	1771	Scottish historical novelist, playwright and poet, inspired by Scotland
Percy	Shelley	1792	English poet
Ellie	Simmonds	1994	Paralympian swimmer 2008/2012
George	Stephenson	1781	railway and civil engineer, Father of railway
Robert	Stephenson	1803	railway and civil engineer, railway expansion
Patrick	Steptoe	1913	IVF
Robert L.	Stevenson	1850	Novelist,: Treasure Island, Kidnapped, Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde
Jackie	Stewart	1939	Scottish F1 driver, 3 championship
Charles E	Stuart	1720	(Bonnie Prince Charlie), grandson of James II
Arthur C.	Sullivan	1842	Opera: HMS Pinafore, the pirate of Penzance, The Mikado, with W.S. Gilbert
Tilda	Swinton	1960	Oscar winner, Michael Clayton
Alfred L.	Tennyson	1809	English poet
Margaret	Thatcher	1925	PM: 1979-1990

Name

Dylan	Thomas	1914	Welsh poet
JRR	Tolken	1892	lord of the rings, best loved novel
Jayne	Torvill	1957	ice dancer with Chritopher Dean
Joseph	Turner	1775	landscape painter
Anthomy	Van Dyck	1599	Flemish artist, leading court painter in England
William	Wallace	1270	Scottish knight, Guardian of Scotland, Brave heart
William	Walton	1902	Composer: Facade, Belshazzar's Feast (George VI & Elizabeth II)
Robert	Waston-Watt	1892	Scottish, Radar
Evelyn	Waugh	1903	Satirical novelist: decline and fall, scoop, Brideshead revisited
Andrew L.	Webber	1948	Composer, Jesus Christ Superstar, Evita, Cats, the Phantom of Opera
David	Weir	1979	Paralympic, 6 London Marathon
Vivienne	Westwood	1941	Fashion designer
Bradley	Wiggins	1980	Road cyclist, Tour de France 2007, 7 Olypic 2004-2012
William	Wilberforce	1759	Leader of the movement to eradicate the slave trade
Ralph V.	Williams	1872	Composer, influenced by traditional English folk music
Ian	Wilmot	1944	Clone, Dolly
Kate	Winslet	1975	Oscar winner, Titanic, The reader,
William	Wordsworth	1770	Poet, inspired by nature, romantic poet: The Daffodils
Christopher	Wren	1632	Architect of St Pual's Cathedral

Number

1	1% Sikh
1	Mary, Queen of Scots was 1 week old when became Queen
1	donating blood takes 1 hour
2	2 minutes silence at remembrance day for WWI
2	2% Hindu
3	<3% population in NI
3	GB finished 3 rd in the medal position in Olympic 2012
4	Welsh Ams elect every 4 years
4	4% Muslim
5	European Parliament holds every 5 years
5	General election holds every 5 years
5	Pentathlon
5	Diwali
5	Royal Ascot
5	5% population in Wales
5	Scotland has 5 ski resorts
6	counties in NI choose to remaining in UK
6	EEA starts with 6 states
6	Edwards VI ruled only 6 years
7	Heptathlon
8	Hannukah
8	8 weeks Proms
8	8% population in Scotland
9	9 countries independent from UK at 1947 (India, Parkistan, Ceylon)
10	10% of Brits have at least one parent/grandparents born aboard
10	Aged 10-17 are trialled in a Youth Court
12	Jury in England and Wales, NI
14	Sonnet
15	National parks
15	Jury in Scotland
15	Edwards VI died at age 15
15	Golf can be traced back to 15 th century
16	All young people in UK are sent NI numbers before 16 th birthday
16	At least 16 years old to drive a moped
17	Westminster buried 17 monarchs
17	At least 17 years old to drive a car or motor cycle
18	Victoria was 18 years old when became Queen
19	Football, Rugby and tennis started at 19 th century
20	ministers
20	Elizabeth I kept Queen Mary of Scots prisoner for 20 years
21	21% no religion
28	EU states
33	London councils
40	Lent
47	Council of European
53	commonwealth states
60	Welsh Ams
70	Bayeux tapestry is 70m long, 50cm high
70	70% Christian
70	Age 70 or elder must renew driving license every 3 years
70	Jury must people in age 18-70
75	Age 75 or elder can apply for a free TV license
84	84% population in England
108	NI assembly

Number

116	Hundred years war (1337 – 1453)
129	Scottish Parliament
135	London eye, 135m, 443 feet
150	Big ben has been built for more than 150 years (1859)
190	UN states
870	Britain north to south 870 miles, 1400 km
1,000	Maximal fine for not having a TV License
1,400	Britain north to south 870 miles, 1400 km
3,000	small claim in Scotland
3,000	died in the decades after 1969 NI violence
5,000	small claim in England
28,000	Indian from Uganda in 1970s
40,000	Indian killed in WWI (1,000,000 joined)
60,000	British casualties in Battle of Somme, WWI
61,000	Volunteers of National trust
61,000	National trust volunteers
300,000	Dunkirk
1,000,000	1 million Indian joined WWI, 40,000 dead
2,000,000	British casualties in WWI
2,000,000	Indian and Chinese employed after 1833
8,000,000	population at 1801
13,000,000	13 million Brits leave UK between 1853-1913
20,000,000	population at 1851
40,000,000	population at 1901
50,000,000	population at 1951
57,000,000	population in 1998
60,000,000	population at 2005
62,000,000	population at 2010
400,000,000	peak population of British Empire was just under 400 million

Date

Feb/Mar	Shrove Tuesday	The day before Lent, pancake day
Feb/Mar	Ash Wednesday	First day of Lent
01/03	St David's day	Walsh
Mar	Mother's Sunday	Sunday 3 weeks before Easter
17/03	St Partick's day	Irish Bank holiday
01/04	April Fool's Day	play jokes until midday
14/04	Vaisakhi	Sikh celebrate the founding of Sikh community
23/04	St George's day	English
Jun	Father's day	3 rd Sunday of June
Jun/Jul	Eid al-Fitr	End of Ramadan
Aug	Fringe	Edinburgh International Fringe Festival, annual art festival in August
Sep	Eid al-Adha	Ibrahim sacrifice his son
31/10	Halloween	
Oct/Nov	Diwali	5 days holiday in October or November, Indian, Festival of Light
05/11	Bonfire Night	1605 Catholic led by Guy Fawkes tried to kill James I
11/11	Remembrance day	2 minute silence at 11:00 am for WWI
Nov/Dec	Hannukah	8 days in memory of Jew's struggle of religious struggle
30/11	St Andrew's day	Scotland Bank holiday

Item

allotment	Additional land rent for gardening
AM	member of the National Assembly for Wales
BAFTA	British academy of Film and television arts
Bayeux Tapestry	A great piece of embroidery to commemorate the battle of Hasting. 70M, France
BBC	British Broadcasting Corporation
Beefeaters	common name of Yeoman Warders at the tower of London
Bodnant Garden	A famous Welsh garden
Brits Awards	Annual event giving music awards
Canterbury Tales	The first printed book by William Caxton
Carry On	A franchise consists of 31 low-budget British comedy motion pictures
Cenotaph	Whitehall, annual remembrance day service for WWI
Chartists	1838-1858, worker class fight for vote for all, annual vote, secrete ballot, etc.
Chelsea Flower	Annual showcase for garden design
County Court	minor civil court in England
Cowes	Sailing event at Isle of Wight
Crashes Castle	Famous Scottish garden
croft	small farm in Scotland
Daffodil	Flower of Wales
Domesday Book	A detailed record of land, property and people, by order of William the Conquer
DWP	Department for work and pension (issuing NI number)
Ealing Studio	the oldest continuous working film studio
Eisteddfod	Annual Walsh cultural festival
Episcopal Church	Church of England called in Scotland and USA
Gaelic	A dialect spoken in Scotland
Glastonbury	A music festival
Golden Hind	Sir Francis Drake's ship to circumnavigate the world, replica in London
Hansard	Official report of parliament proceedings
Hardwick Hall	Derbyshire, great country house
Hidcote	Famous English garden
Higgis	Scottish traditional food, sheep's stomach stuffed with offal, suet, onions and oatmeal
hill fort	Defended sited in Iron age
HMRC	HM Revenue and Customs
Holyrood	Location of the Scottish Parliament building
Housesteads	Housesteads and Vindolanda, forts on the Hadrain's wall
Huguenotes	French protestants refugee, allies of Henry of Navarre and the House of Bourbon
Inveraray Castle	Famous Scottish garden (seat of Dukes of Argyll, Clan Campbell)
Iron Age	mint the first English coins
Jacobites	Scottish who supported James II's son
Jesters	court joker
Jobseeker's allowance	Limited if no enough NI payment in previous 2 years
John O'Groats	North end of Britain
Justice of the Peace	Court for minor criminal offence in Scotland
Jute	Northern European, invade England with Angles & Saxons
Lake district	Largest national park
Laurence Olivier	Annual awards in London for best director, actor and actress
Leamington Spa	first tennis club
Lent	40 days before Easter, fasting period
Loch Lomond	Largest fresh water lake
Magistrates' Court	minor criminal court in England
Maiden Castle	Dorset, hill fort, stone age
Man Booker	Prize for best fiction
Mercury Music	Prize for best album
MLA	member of the Northern Ireland Assembly
MOT	Ministry of Transport
MSP	member of the Scottish Parliament
Mount Stewart	famous garden in NI
Newmarket	National horseracing museum
NI Assembly	108 member, proportional representation, education, agriculture, environment, health, social service
PAYE	Pay as you earn
Presbyterian Church	Church of Scotland
Private Eye	Satirical magazine
Proms	8 weeks classic music event in London, starts from 1927 by BBC

Item

Puch	"Puch", satirical magazine
Rhuddlan	The Statute of Rhuddlan annexed Wales to the crown of England by Edward I 1284
round barrows	burry place of Bronze age people
Royal Albert Hall	Last night for Proms
Royal Ascot	5-day horse race in Berkshire attend by Royal
Scottish Parliament	129 member, proportional rep, civil and criminal law, health, education, planning, additional tax
Senedd	Cardiff Bay, Welsh Assembly Building
Shamrock	flower of Ireland
Sissinghurst	Famous English garden
Six national	England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, France, Italy
Skara Brea	Orkney, best prehistorical village site
Snowdonia	highest mountain in Wales
Sonnet	poet of 14 lines
St Andrew	home of golf
St Thomas' Hospital	London, Nightingale training school of nurses in 1860
state pension	reduced if no enough NI payment
Stonehenge	Wiltshire, stone age
Stormont	NI Assembly building
Tate Britain	Art gallery in London, 16 th onwards
Tate Modern	Modern art gallery in London
Thistle	Flower of Scotland
Tower of London	Built by William the Conquer after 1066
Turner Prize	prize for contemporary art from 1984
UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization
Vindolanda	Housesteads and Vindolanda, forts on the Hadrain's wall
Welsh Assembly	60 AMs, elect every 4 years, proportional rep. Edu., health, social service, economic dev, housing
Westminster Abbey	Coronation church since 1066, buried 17 monarchs
Yeoman	Warders at the tower of London
Criminal (Eng/W/NI)	Magistrates' Court (unpaid Magistrates in Eng/W, paid and qualified (Deputy) District Judge in NI) Crown Court (Judge with a 12 member jury, <i>appeal to High Court > Court of Appeal > Supreme Court</i>)
Civil (Eng/W/NI)	County Court High Court (<i>appeal to Court of Appeal > Supreme Court</i>)
Youth (Eng/W/NI)	Youth Court (up to 3 trained magistrates or a District Judge) / Youth Conferencing in NI Crown Court
Criminal (Scot)	Justice of Peace Court (unpaid Justices of the Peace) Sheriff Court (Sheriff or Sheriff with a 15 member jury) High Court (most serious, eg. Murder, Judge with jury, <i>supreme court in Scotland</i>)
Civil (Scot)	Sheriff Court Court of Session in Edinburgh (<i>appeal to Supreme Court of UK</i>)
Youth (Scot)	Children's Hearing System